



采用低功耗助手(LPA)技术的英 飞凌CYW43012 Wi-Fi蓝牙组合 芯片和 PSoC 62 MCU 打造超低 功耗的IoT系统设计

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Ultra Low Power IoT System Design with Infineon CYW43012 Wi-Fi BT Combo and PSoC 62 MCU using Low Power Assistant Technique

Presented by: Harris Chan



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Agenda

1. Introduction – Low Power in IoT designs
2. CYW43012 Radio and PSoC 6 MCU Low Power Features Overview
3. Power Optimization Techniques – Wi-Fi and MCU
4. Low Power Assistant (LPA) library – Overview
5. Demo – Optimizing MQTT Cloud example for Power
6. Getting Started and Resources

Introduction



IoT-AdvantEdge™ Core Strengths



CONNECT

Unfailing connectivity with best-in-class range and interoperability; delivering excellent consumer experience



COMPUTE

IoT-optimized MCU solutions that deliver **security**, power-efficiency, and data intelligence at the edge, while enabling engaging human-machine interfaces



CREATE

Flexible, open-architecture platform enabling designers to craft unique, **future-proof** IoT systems from a comprehensive menu of preconfigured building blocks

Complete view of IoT design complexities; Unique ability to offer comprehensive solutions

IoT-AdvantEdge™ Solves Critical IoT Design Problems



Connectivity

Getting products to work seamlessly in a field of multiple wireless technologies; dual-band Wi-Fi and BT



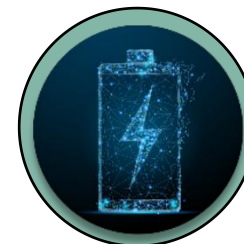
Security

Compliance with emerging privacy and security requirements



HMI

Aesthetically attractive industrial design enabled by state-of-the-art HMI



Low Power

Operating on low power for long periods
Heat dissipation
Addressing environmental issues



Ease-of-Use

Making technology plug-and-play
Behind-the-scenes software updates
Voice commands and other simple interfaces



Integration

Making disparate technologies work together seamlessly



Cloud

Secure, scalable device management with easy on-boarding supporting major platforms or in-house servers



Monetization

Enhanced profitability through reduced support costs
Secure lifecycle management enables feature upgrade/maintenance

Proven, secure, connected, flexible, and robust: Built for the future

CYW43012 Wi-Fi/Bluetooth Radio and PSoC 6 MCUs

CYW43012

§ Ultra-Lower Power 11n/11ac-Friendly™ Dual-Band Wi-Fi and Bluetooth 5.0 for IoT



Applications

Ultra-low power applications especially battery powered

Features

§ Ultra-Low-Power Wi-Fi and Bluetooth Combo

§ 802.11n-compliant Wi-Fi

- Industry's most widely deployed Wi-Fi IP
- Up to 72.2-Mbps data rate
- Dual band (2.4/5 GHz) with on-chip power amplifiers and low-noise amplifiers for both bands
- SDIO 3.0 interface (up to 50 MBps)

§ Low-power 802.11ac compliance in 5 GHz

- 256-QAM support on 20-MHz channels in the 5-GHz band
- MCS8 enables up to 78-Mbps data rate

§ Bluetooth 5.0 Compliant

- All Bluetooth 4.2 optional features and Bluetooth 5.0 2-Mbps LE data rate
- Class 1 (100 m) and Class 2 (10 m) operation
- Host controller interface (HCI)-over-UART

§ Packages

- WLBGA, WLCSP, FCBGA

Collateral

Datasheet: [CYW43012 Available on Web](#)

Software: Available

CYW43012: 802.11n Dual-Band Wi-Fi and BT 5.0 Ready Combo

CYW43012

Bluetooth Subsystem

BT 4.2/5.0 Link Layer, PHY

ARM Cortex®-M4

SRAM (388KB)

ROM (1152KB)

JTAG/SWD Debug

AHB

Communication Interfaces

Wi-Fi: SDIO 3.0

BT: UART

BT: I²S/PCM

Wi-Fi Subsystem

802.11n MAC, PHY, Dual-Band Radio (2.4/5 GHz)

Security Engine¹

ARM Cortex®-M3

SRAM (640KB)

ROM (1,280KB)

JTAG/SWD Debug

AXI

I/O Subsystem

GPIO x16

- Applications
- Bluetooth/Wi-Fi
- Internal Bus/IP

Availability

Samples: Now **Production:** Now

¹ WPA, WAPI STA, WPA2, AES, TKIP security features



CYW43012 Wi-Fi/BT Radio ULP 28nm Design with Enhanced Deep Sleep



RECEIVE

50% $\hat{=}$ power consumption than existing 40nm 802.11n products

70% $\hat{=}$ power consumption than existing 40nm 802.11ac products



TRANSMIT

25% $\hat{=}$ power consumption than existing 40nm 802.11n products



LOW POWER

80% $\hat{=}$ Sleep power consumption than existing 40nm 802.11n products

50% to 60% $\hat{=}$ Idle & Ready Mode power consumption than existing 40nm 802.11n products

CYW43012 is a game-changer!

Power Consumption: CYW43012 vs Existing 40nm 11n

- ~50% power savings in 2.4GHz DTIM 1 & DTIM 3
- ~46% power savings for 2.4 GHz RX (MCS7)
- ~28% power savings for 2.4 GHz TX (MCS7)

| | | CYW4343W | | | CYW43012 | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|---|-----------------|-----------------------|---|
| | | VBAT (3.6 V) mA | VDDIO (1.8 V) μ A | Total Power Consumption from Battery (mW)** | VBAT (3.6 V) mA | VDDIO (1.8 V) μ A | Total Power Consumption from Battery (mW)** |
| Radio Off | | 0.0035 | 0.08 | 0.013 | 0.0012 | 0.3 | 0.005 |
| SLEEP, IEEE Power Save, Inter Beacon | | 0.0058 | 80 | 0.181 | 0.003 | 88.0 | 0.187 |
| 2.4GHz DTIM 1 | | 1.05 | 74 | 3.928 | 0.447 | 93.0 | 1.795 |
| 2.4GHz DTIM 3 | | 0.35 | 86 | 1.432 | 0.156 | 88.0 | 0.738 |
| WLAN 2.4G | Rx MCS7 HT20 | 41 | 12 | 140.4 | 21 | 375 | 76.350 |
| | Tx MCS7 HT20 18dBm | 260 (15 dBm) | 15 | 936.0 | 187 | 1400 | 676.000 |
| WLAN 5G | Rx MCS7 HT20 | — | — | — | 21.5 | 770 | 78.940 |
| | Tx MCS7 HT20 18dBm | — | — | — | 265 | 1600 | 957.200 |

**Assuming 3.6V VBAT direct from battery and 1.8V VIO from a 90% efficiency external buck connected to 3.6V battery

PSoC 6: Purpose-Built for the IoT

Emerging IoT devices require increased processing and security without a power or cost penalty



Infineon's PSoC 6 portfolio bridges the gap between application processors and standard microcontrollers

- > 150-MHz and 100-MHz dual-core Arm® Cortex®-M4 and Arm Cortex®-M0+ ultra-low-power 40-nm architecture
- > Industry-leading ultra-low-power design that consumes as little as 22-µA/MHz in active power mode¹
- > Best-in-class flexibility with wired and wireless connectivity options, software defined peripherals and industry-leading [CapSense®](#)
- > Integrated, hardware-based Trusted Execution Environment (TEE) with secure data storage

*Linked terms are defined in the [Glossary](#)

¹Power specifications are based on the Arm Cortex®-M4 CPU

PSoC 6: Ultra-Low-Power IoT Solution



| Power Mode | Current Consumption | Code Execution | Digital Peripherals Available | Analog Peripherals Available | Clock Sources Available | Wake-Up Sources | Wake-Up Time |
|-----------------------|--|----------------|-------------------------------------|---|-------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Active (M4) | 5.82-mA @ 150-MHz (LP ¹) 1.43-mA @ 50-MHz (ULP ²) | Yes | All | All | All | - | - |
| Active (M0+) | 3.43-mA @ 100-MHz (LP) 0.75-mA @ 25-MHz (ULP) | Yes | All | All | All | - | - |
| Low-Power Active (M4) | 380-µA @ 8-MHz | Yes | All | All | 8-MHz IMO ³ | - | - |
| Deep-Sleep | 7.0-µA | No | WDT ⁴ , SCB ⁵ | Comparator, POR ⁶ , BOD ⁷ | 32-kHz ILO ⁸ | Comparator, GPIO, WDT, DS-SCB | 10-µs, 100-µs ⁹ |
| Hibernate | 300-nA | No | No | Comparator, POR | No | Comparator, GPIO, RTC | 500-µs |

The PSoC 6 MCU Architecture¹⁰ reduces energy consumption without sacrificing performance with:

- > Dynamic voltage and frequency scaling enabling both performance- and power-critical processing
- > A dual-core architecture, where the Cortex[®]-M0+ can be used as an offload engine for power efficiency, allowing the main Cortex[®]-M4 core to sleep
- > An ultra-low-power system, where the Cortex[®]-M4 consumes 22-µA/MHz and the Cortex[®]-M0+ consumes 15-µA/MHz

PSoC 6 sets a new, industry-leading low-power benchmark for today's IoT devices

¹ Low-power active mode (1.1-V operation)

² Ultra-low-power active mode (0.9-V operation)

³ Internal main oscillator

⁴ Watchdog timer serial communications block

⁵ Serial communications block

⁶ Power-on-reset

⁷ Brownout detect

⁸ Internal low-speed oscillator

⁹ Low-power active and active modes, respectively

¹⁰ Built on a 40-nm ultra-low-power process, providing the lowest power, most flexibility, and most secure architecture for the IoT

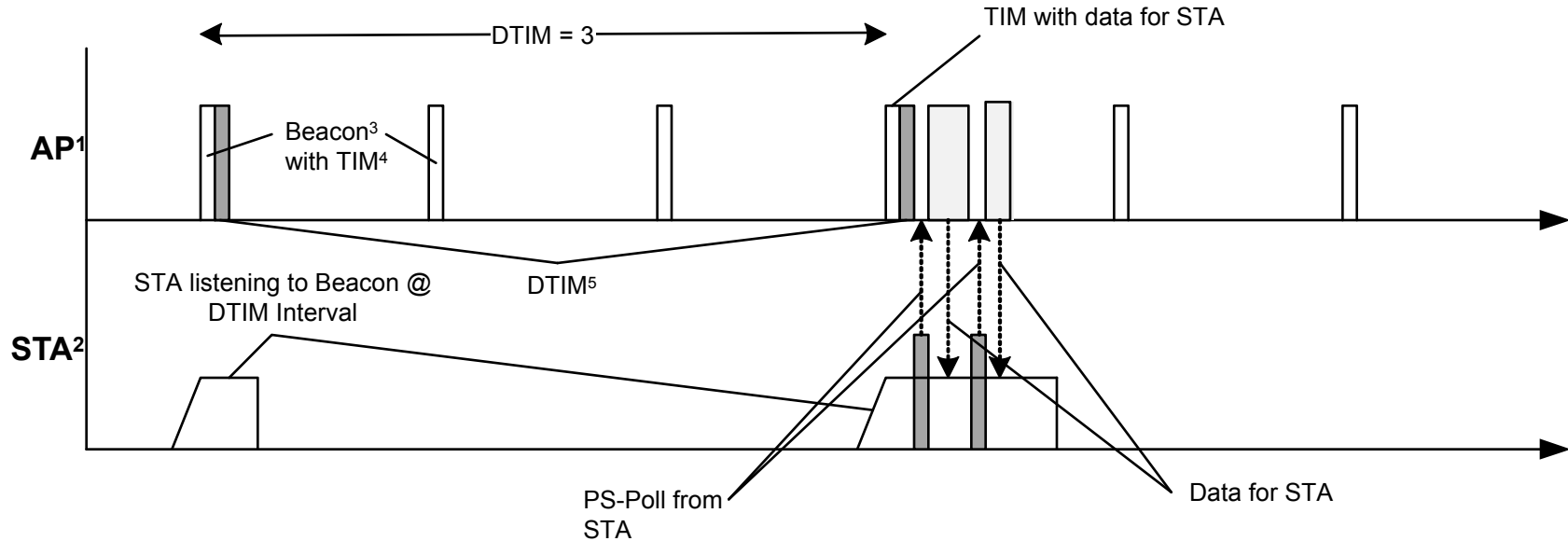


Power Optimization Techniques

The slide features several decorative green elements: a thin line starting from the top right and extending towards the center; another thin line starting from the left and meeting the first line at a small green circle; a third thin line extending from the right side towards the same green circle; and a large, solid green trapezoidal shape at the bottom of the slide.

Wi-Fi: IEEE 802.11 Power Save

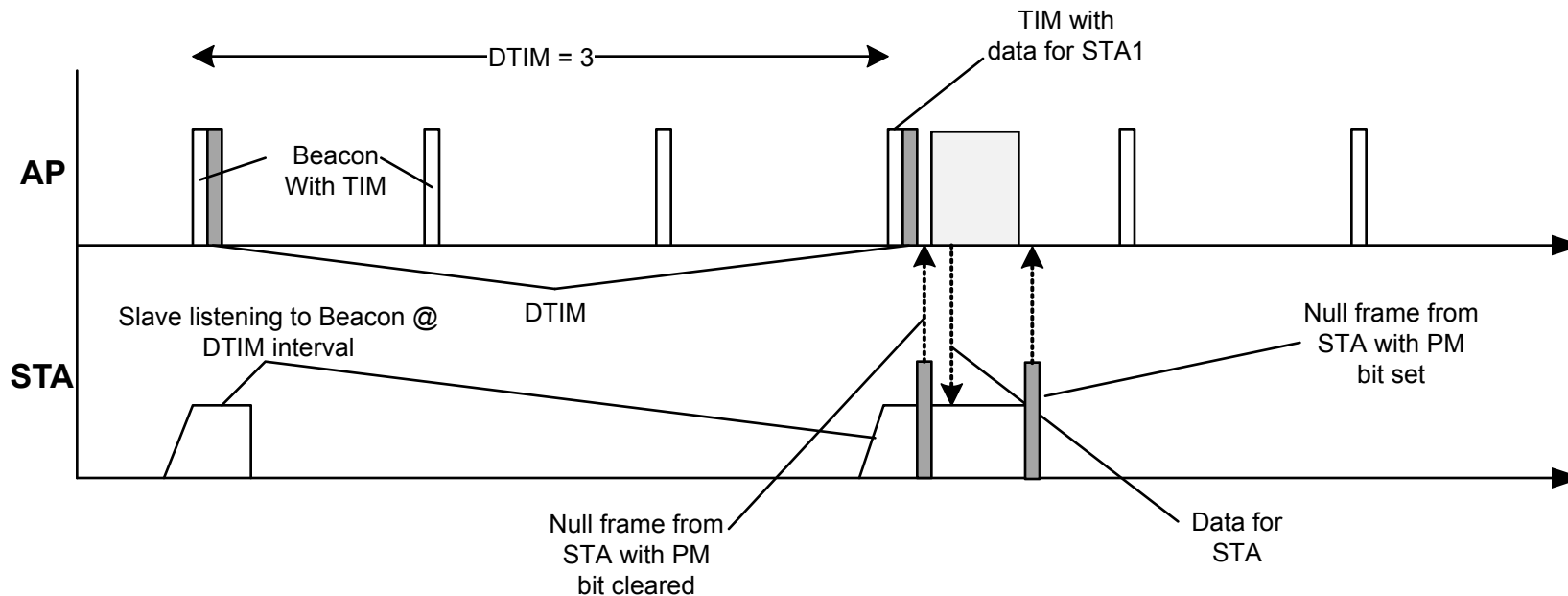
> Power Save with Poll (PS-Poll)



¹ Access Point provides infrastructure for other Wi-Fi devices to connect to a wired network
² Station is any device capable of using Wi-Fi protocol
³ Beacon is a periodic frame (102.4 ms) transmitted by the AP broadcasting the network capabilities and traffic information
⁴ Traffic Indication Map in a beacon frame indicates whether a station has data buffered for it or not
⁵ Delivery TIM in a beacon frame indicates whether the presence of multicast or broadcast data for the STAs in the network

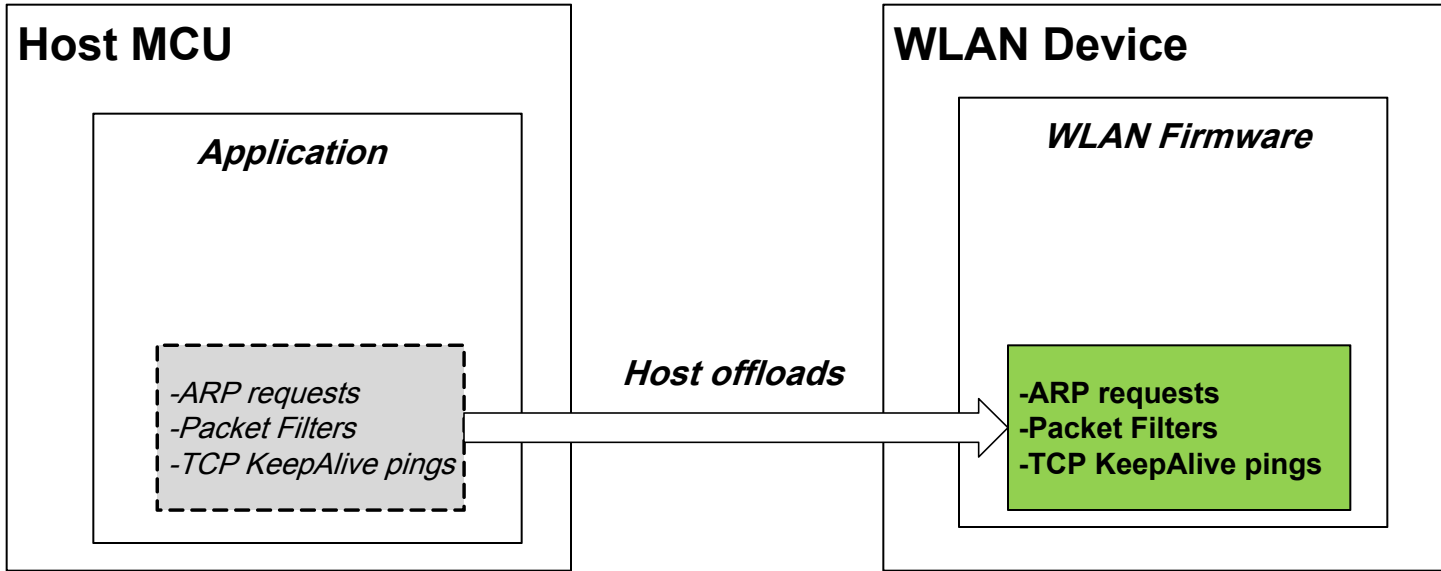
Wi-Fi: IEEE 802.11 Power Save

> Power Save without Poll



Wi-Fi: Host offloads

- › Functionalities executed by WLAN device (CYW43012) on behalf of host

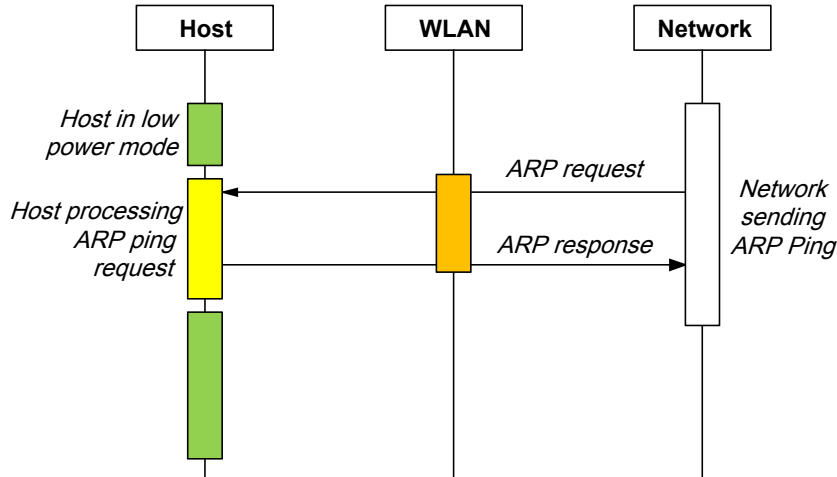


ü **More time for Host in low-power mode**

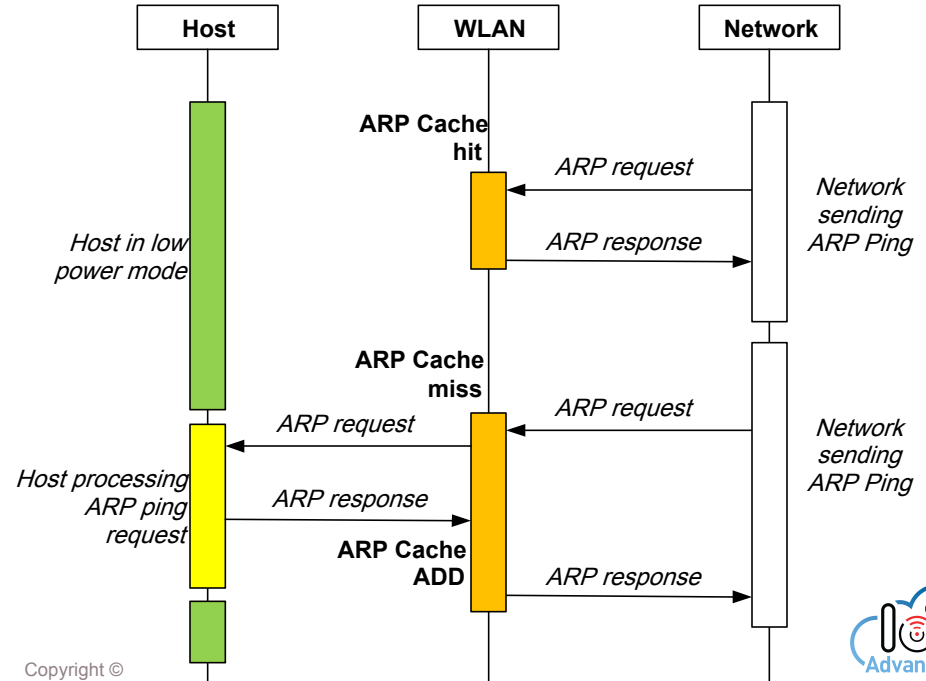
Wi-Fi: ARP offload

- > **Address Resolution Protocol (ARP)** – Maps device IP address to its MAC address

ARP Ping without offload



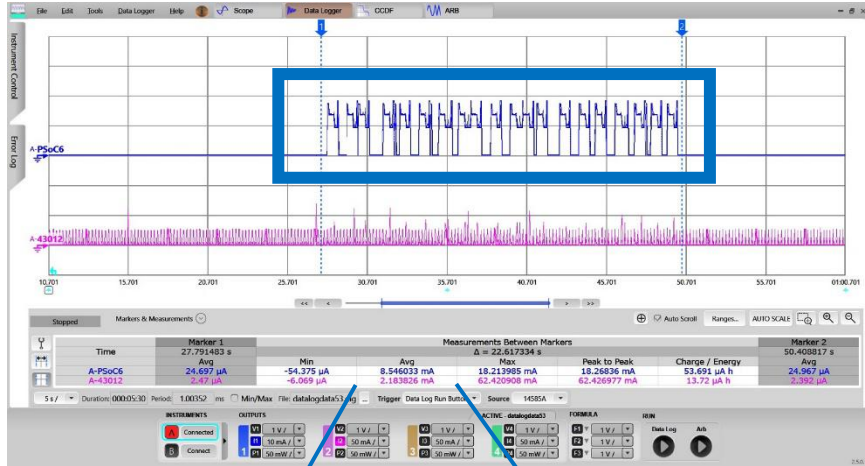
ARP Ping with offload



Wi-Fi: ARP offload

› ARP Offload

ARP Ping without offload



Avg
8.546033 mA
2.183826 mA

ARP Ping with offload

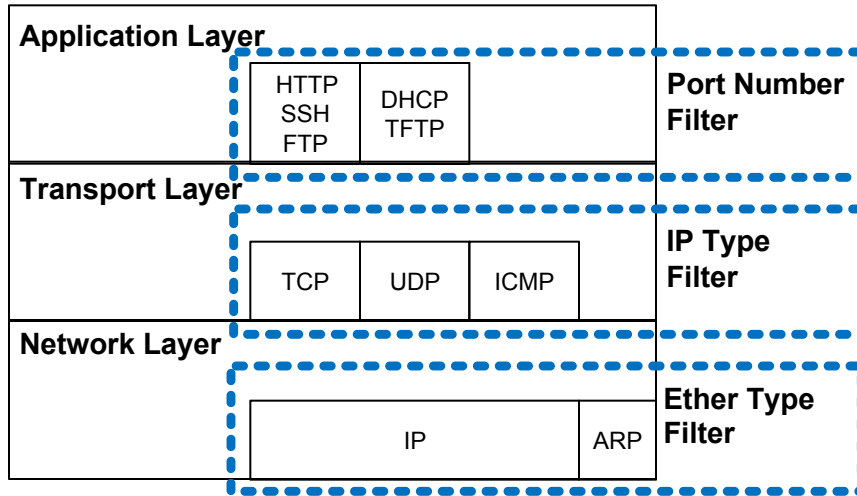


Avg
24.31 µA
1.637722 mA

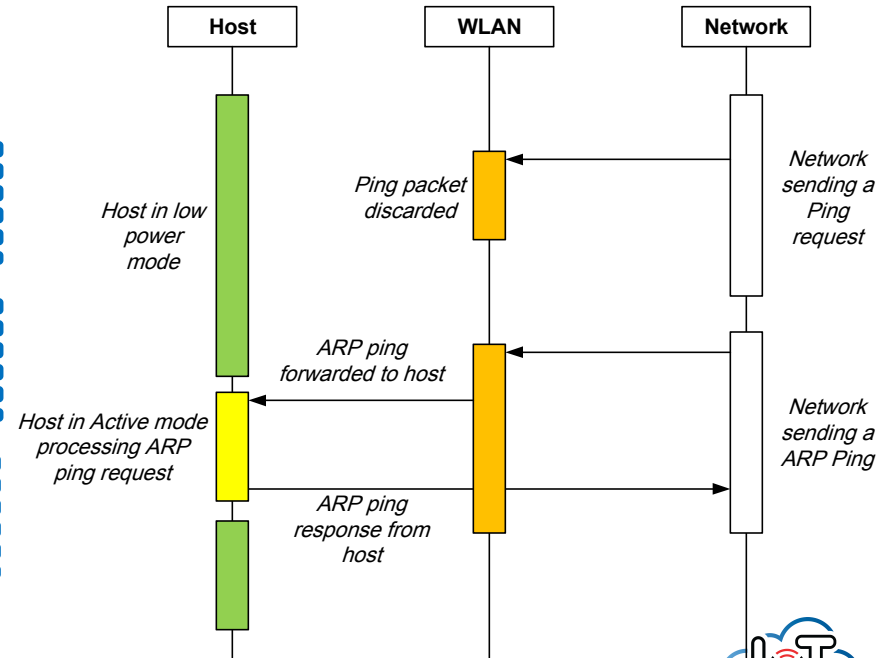
84% ↓

Wi-Fi: Packet Filter Offload

- › **Packet Filter** – Block unwanted network traffic



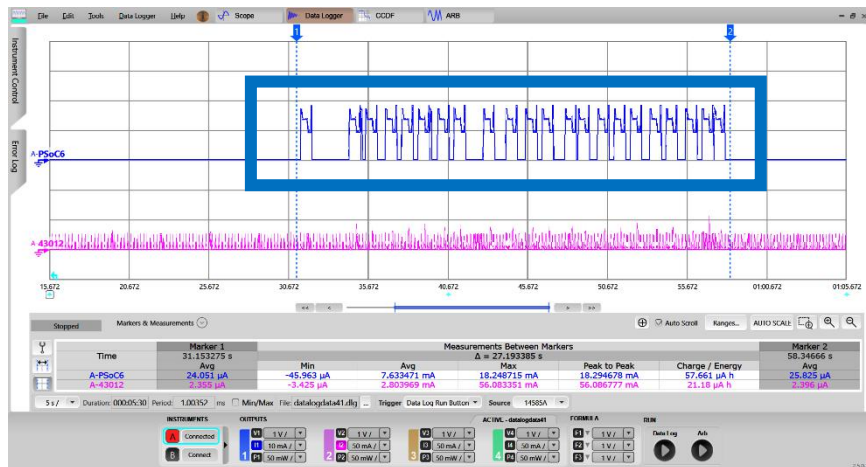
Offload with discard filter for Ping packets



Wi-Fi: Packet Filter offload

- Packet Filter – with minimal filters enabled (DHCP, ARP, 802.11x, DNS)

ARP Ping from Network



Host wakes up to service the request

74% ↓

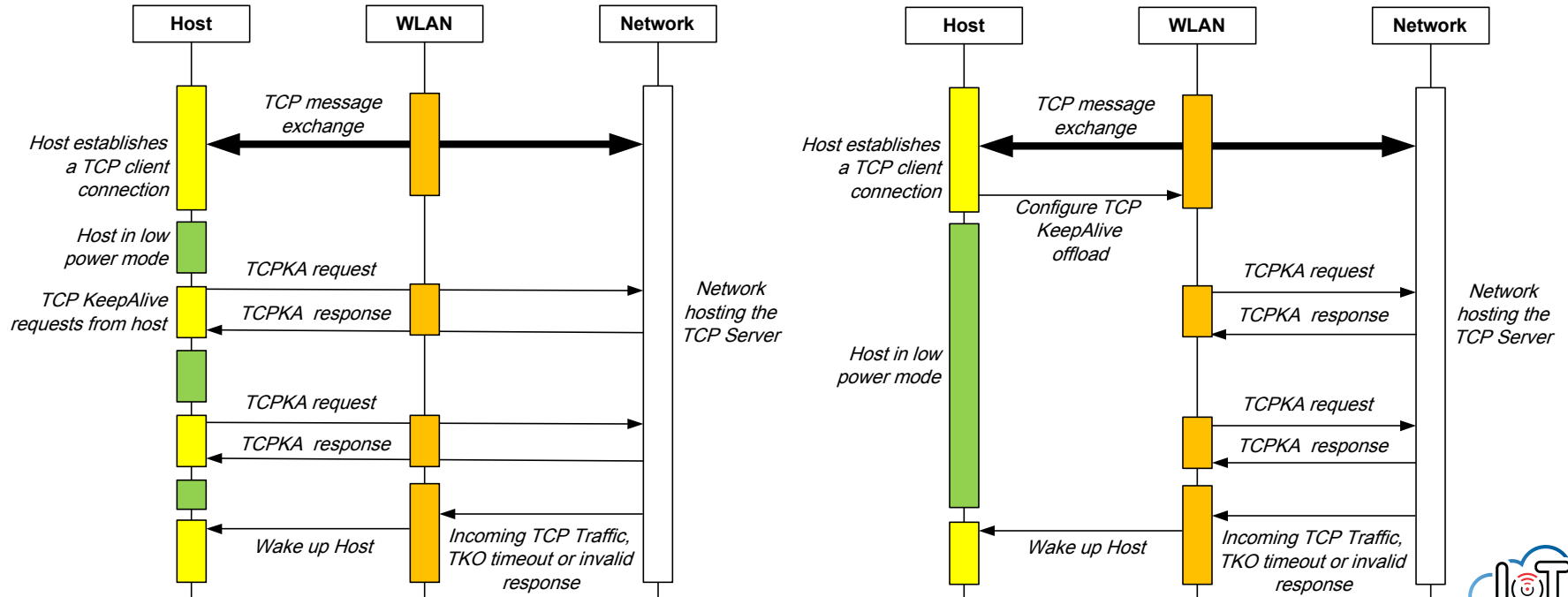
Ping (ICMP) from Network



Host does not wake up during ping requests

Wi-Fi: TCP Keep Alive

- › **TCP Keep Alive** – Maintain active TCP connection without interrupting the host



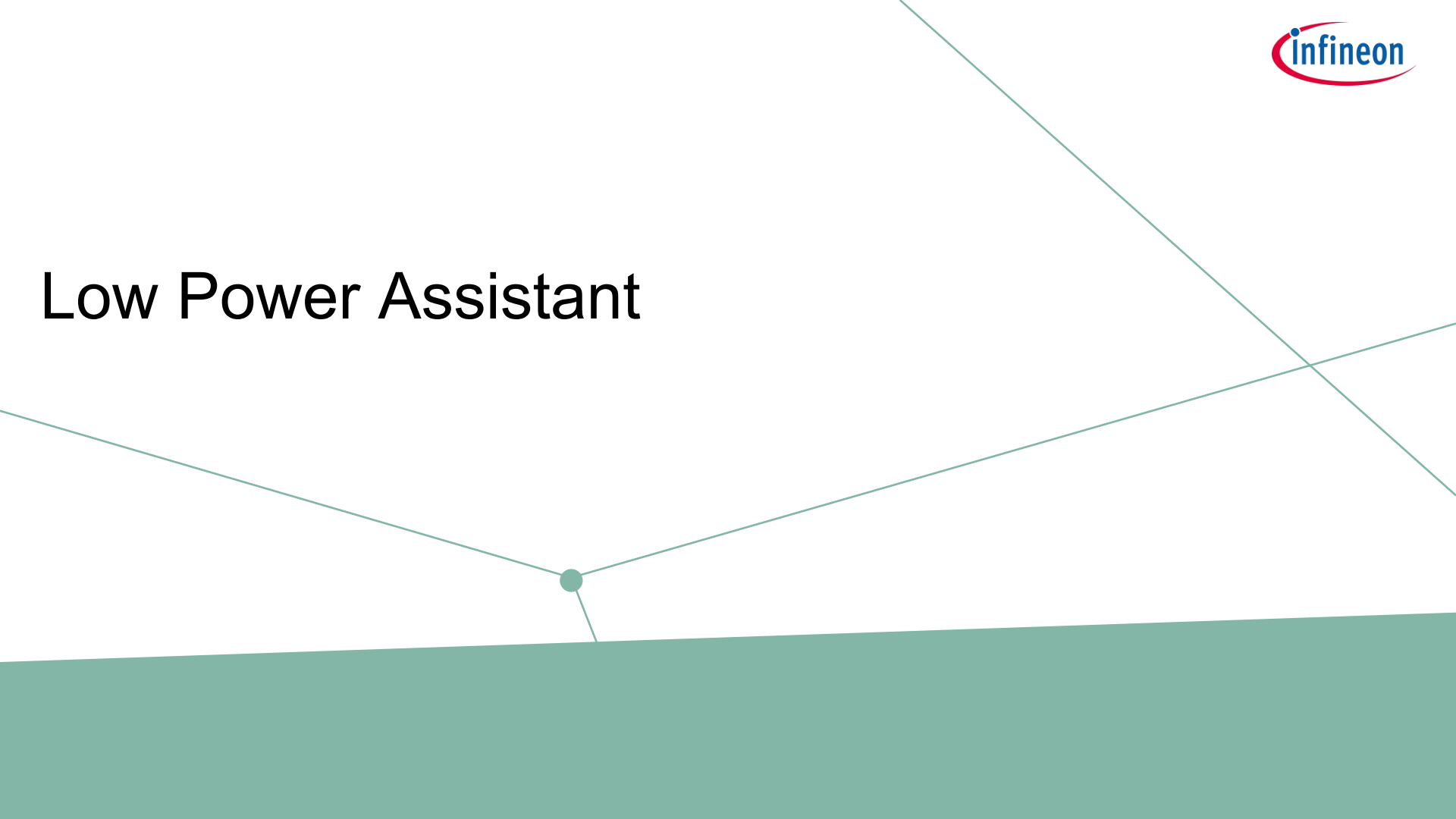
LPA: Performance Data

| LPA Feature | Description ¹ | Power consumption | |
|------------------------------|--|-------------------|--------------|
| | | Without LPA | With LPA |
| Wi-Fi ARP offload | Enable host wake, Enable ARP offload and Suspend network stack | 10.6 mA | 1.6 mA (84%) |
| Wi-Fi Packet Filter Offload | Enable host wake and minimal set of filters - ARP, DNS, DHCP, 802.11x security - to establish a Wi-Fi connection | 7.7 mA | 2.0 mA (74%) |
| Wi-Fi TCP Keep Alive Offload | Enable host wake and TCP KeepAlive Offload with a Keep Alive interval of 3 seconds | 19.5 mA | 3.3 mA (83%) |

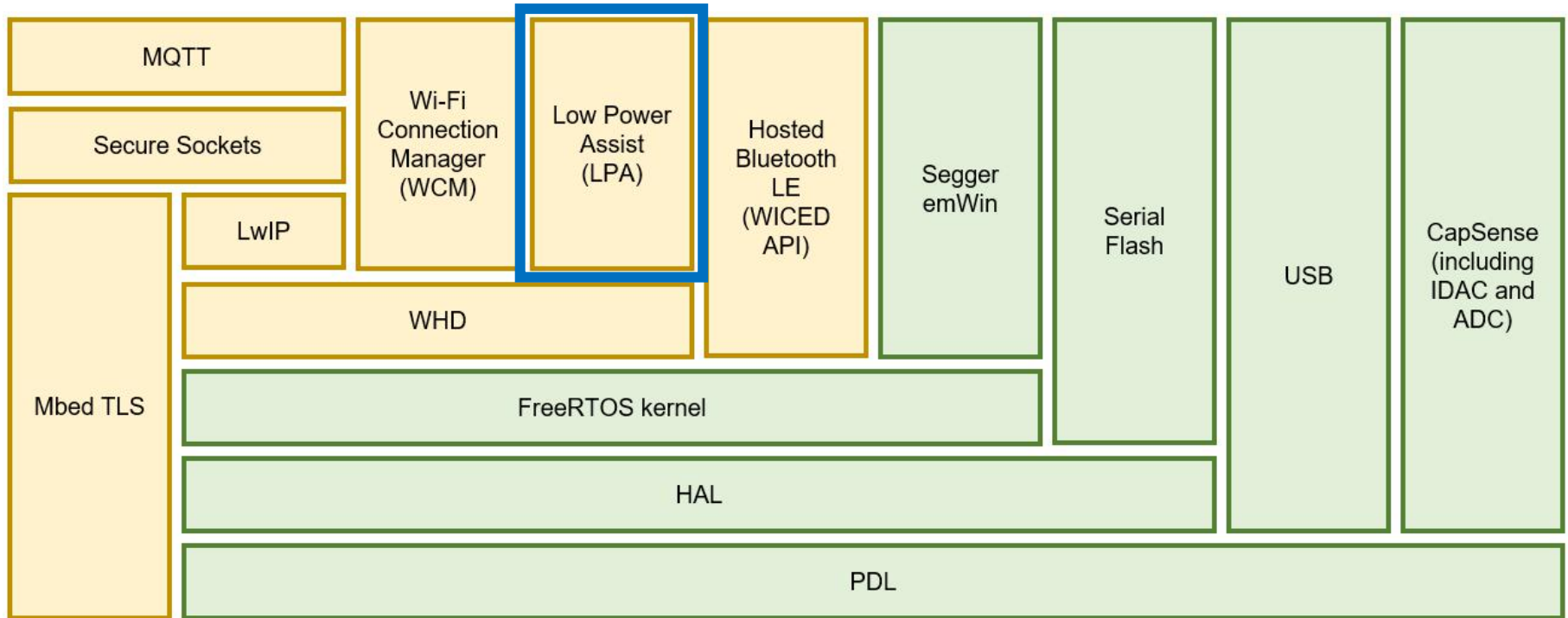
¹ All use mbed-os-example-wifi code example for adding the particular LPA feature

AWS IoT example – 80%↓

Low Power Assistant



ModusToolbox® AnyCloud Stack



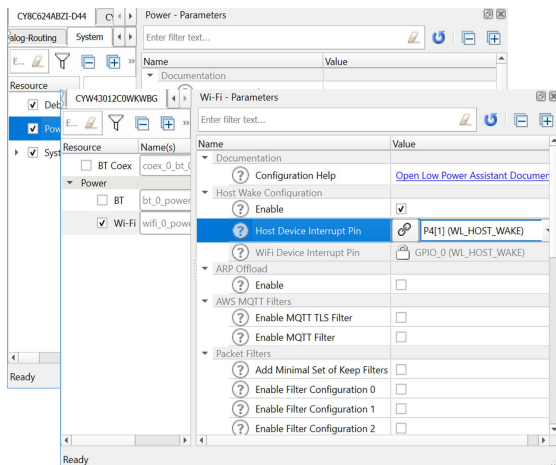
Wireless libs

PSoC 6 libs

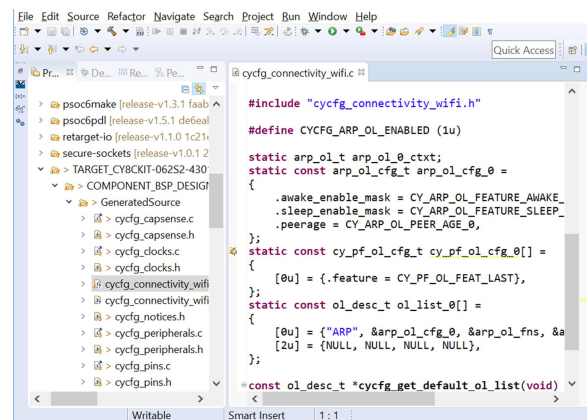
LPA: Overview

- › Self-aware firmware that detects configurations automatically and enables appropriate low-power features without any additional API calls from the user
- › Supports multiple platforms such as Mbed OS and FreeRTOS (AnyCloud)
- › GUI-based configuration for ease of use
- › Supports low-power configuration for PSoC 6 MCU, Wi-Fi and BT

Using ModusToolbox Configurator



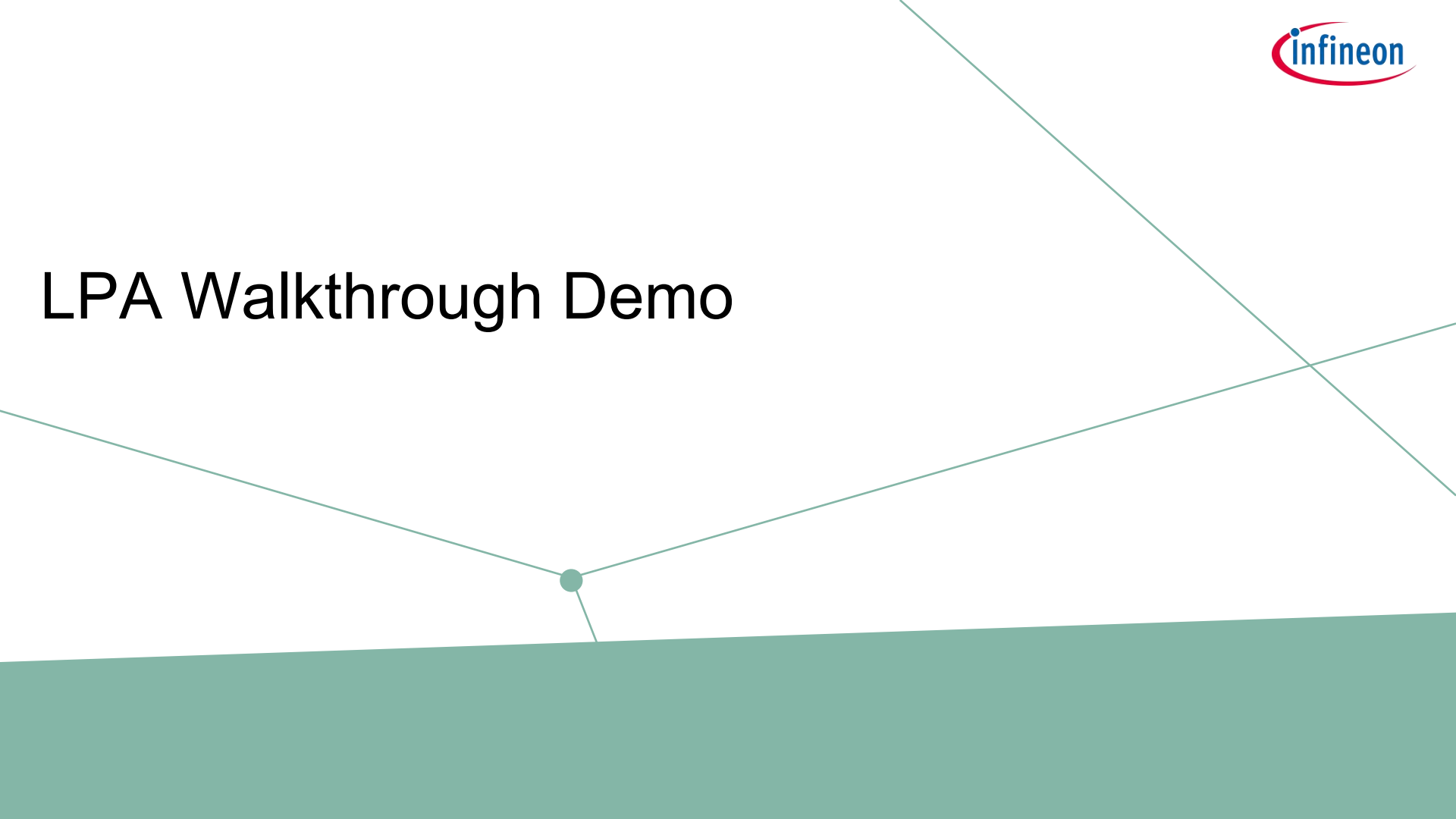
Using Code



LPA: Features

- › Supported features –
 - MCU Low Power
 - Wi-Fi and Bluetooth Low Power
 - Wi-Fi Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) Offload
 - Wi-Fi Packet Filter Offload
 - Wi-Fi TCP Keepalive Offload
- › AnyCloud 1.0 support
 - LPA v2.0.0 and ModusToolbox 2.1
- › Mbed OS support
 - LPA v1.0.0 and Mbed OS 5.14.2 or later
- › Provides Quick Start Guide for features supported

LPA Walkthrough Demo



Getting Started

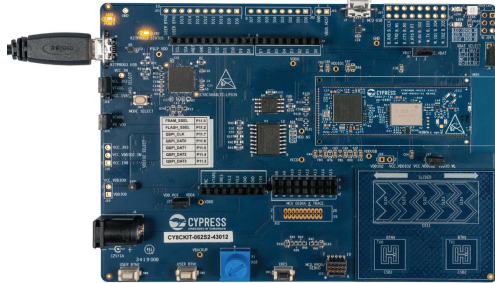


+ AnyCloud Stack – LPA, MQTT.. + Code Examples +

Design Application Notes



Murata Type 1LV module



AN219528

PSoC 6 MCU Low-Power Modes and Power Reduction Techniques



AN227910

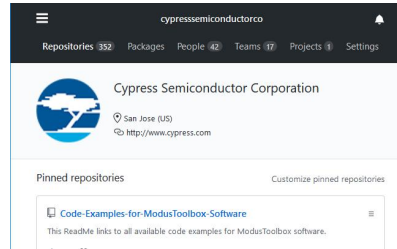
To access an ever-growing list of hundreds of code examples, using either ModusToolbox™ IDE or PSoC® Creator™, visit our GitHub repository. You can also explore the Cypress video training library here.

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Author: Meenakshi Sundaram Ravindran
Associated Part Family: CYW43012, CYW43012x
Associated Code Examples and Application Notes: see Related Documents
More code examples? We heard you.

To access an ever-growing list of hundreds of code examples, using either ModusToolbox™ IDE or PSoC® Creator™, visit our GitHub repository. You can also explore the Cypress video training library here.

AN227910 describes how to use CYW43012 and PSoC 6 MCU to design a low-power connectivity solution for IoT applications. The 25cm radio combined with a 40-pin PSoC 6 MCU enables an ultra-low-power platform for IoT applications. This application note provides an overview of low-power modes and features in the CYW43012 device and describes various techniques such as host offload features to optimize power consumption in the system, assisted with Cypress' Low Power Assistant tool.



PSoC® 62S2 Wi-Fi BT Pioneer Kit

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Resources



| Action | Link |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Order a Kit From Mouser | PSoC® 62S2 Wi-Fi BT Pioneer Kit Murata Type 1LV module |
| Download the App Note | Low Power System Design with CYW43012 and PSoC 6 MCU |
| Learn About the Products | PSoC 6 MCU (silicon available @ Mouser) CYW43012 Wi-Fi/Bluetooth Radio (module available @ Mouser) IoT-AdvantEdge: Power Efficient Solutions Page |
| Get the Software | ModusToolbox 2.1 Software Environment Low Power Assistant Library |
| Download Code Examples | AnyCloud LPA examples Mbed OS LPA examples |
| Join the Infineon Community | Community home page |





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Q&A



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